

The Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (MIECHV)

he Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) program provides federal funds to states, territories, and tribal entities to develop and implement evidencebased, voluntary home visiting services for families considered at-risk. The home visiting programs made possible by MIECHV pair families who often have limited support and resources with trained home visitors, including health, social service, and child development professionals. These professionals meet with parents in their homes, often from pregnancy through their child's kindergarten entry, to help lay the foundation for the health, development, education, and economic self-sufficiency of the entire family. Tailored home visiting services can turn good intentions into good parenting, breaking generations-long cycles of poverty, addiction, and abuse, making MIECHV a critical piece of the continuum of care for children from birth through age five.

MIECHV gives states flexibility in choosing an approach that best meets local needs. Grantees must spend the majority of their funding to implement evidence-based home visiting models that prioritize families living in at-risk communities. States have discretion, however, in choosing one or more models that meet federal criteria, and at-risk communities are identified in a statewide needs assessment. MIECHV also requires ongoing research and evaluation to

At a Glance

- Program Created: 2010
- **■Who this Program Serves:**

Families living in at-risk communities as identified in a statewide needs assessment.

- ◆ Number Served¹:
 In FY 2018, MIECHV served 150,291
 parents and children (76,622 families),
 conducting 930,595 home visits.
- Delivery Method:

Professionals meet with parents in their homes from pregnancy through their child's kindergarten entry.

► FY 2019 Federal Funding: \$400 million

1 https://mchb.hrsa.gov/sites/default/files/mchb/ MaternalChildHealthInitiatives/HomeVisiting/pdf/programbrief.pdf



increase knowledge about the implementation and effectiveness of home visiting programs. This includes using a portion of funds (up to 25%) to implement promising approaches that will undergo rigorous evaluation.

While approaches may vary, all MIECHV grantees share the common goals of improving maternal and child health, preventing child abuse and neglect, encouraging positive parenting, and promoting child development and school readiness. The recent Mother and Infant Home Visiting Program Evaluation (MIHOPE) report studied the following models to see how families were impacted by MIECHV-funded programs: Early Head Start - Home-Based Option, Healthy Families America, Nurse-Family Partnership, and Parents as Teachers. The report found positive impacts on a number of family outcomes, including improved quality of the home environment, reduced frequency of psychological aggression toward the child, fewer emergency room visits for the child, and fewer child behavior challenges.

In this way, the report shows MIECHV to be a worthwhile investment, and ultimately, investing in children from birth, through family support programs, saves money for taxpayers as a result of increased family self-sufficiency. Further, federal investment in home visiting through MIECHV has kickstarted a boost in state investment. Since 2008, the National Conference of State Legislatures reports that at least 23 states have passed home visiting legislation.

▶ Reauthorization Efforts

MIECHV was reauthorized in 2018 for five years (through FY 2022) at a funding level of \$400 million a year. FFYF commends Congress for their bipartisan support of this program and, given its significant positive impact, encourages ongoing support and flexibility as states continue to study and implement best practices.





