# Early Childhood Education in Idaho



## In Idaho, state and federally funded early childhood opportunities served more than 15,446 children and families.

High-quality early childhood education (ECE) is proven to dramatically improve a child's opportunities for a better future - particularly children from low-income families - while offering parents improved job stability and overall economic security. Research has shown an annual 13% return on investment per child through better education, economic, health, and social outcomes. To ensure all children can access high-quality early learning and care, the federal government partners with states to support local efforts and innovations.

Over time, ECE programs have been created to meet the diverse needs of children and families. A 2017 Government Accountability Office (GAO) report found that these programs work in conjunction to benefit those they serve.

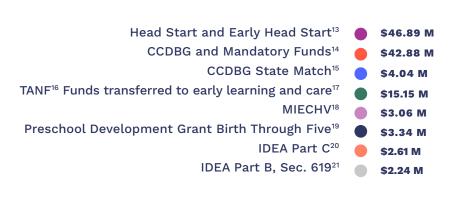
Much of the progress at the state and local level has been made possible by strong partnerships with the federal government aimed at expanding access and increasing quality for more children. Many state and community programs are funded exclusively with federal dollars, while others leverage federal funding to create and expand high-quality early learning and care opportunities beyond what is possible with state funding alone. This resource provides a snapshot of what ECE looks like in Idaho. To learn more about the specific programs referenced, read <a href="FFYF's ABCs">FFYF's ABCs</a> of Federal Early Learning and Care Funding Streams resource.

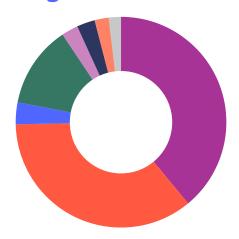
$^{\mbox{\tiny 1}}$ This figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, CCDF, MIECHV,
state-funded Pre-K, and IDEA Parts B Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and
families are served by more than one program.

Note: The data and information in this resource relies on reporting from prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

IDAHO QUICK FACTS		
Population Under Six <sup>2</sup>	137,258	
Under Six Living in Poverty <sup>3</sup>	19.96%	
Children Enrolled in Head Start <sup>4</sup>	3,209	
Eligible Children Served by Head Start <sup>5</sup>	19.56%	
Children Enrolled in Early Head Start <sup>6</sup>	737	
Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start <sup>7</sup>	4.72%	
Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds <sup>8</sup>	4,970	
Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds <sup>9</sup>	6.20%	
Families Served by the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (MIECHV) <sup>10</sup>	581	
Children Served by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part C <sup>11</sup>	2,083	
Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619 <sup>12</sup>	3,866	

#### Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Idaho





### Early Childhood Education and the Idaho Economy

In Idaho, there are 73,994 children under age six with all available parents in the workforce.<sup>22</sup> In addition to the significant impact of early childhood education on children and families in the short and long term, early learning and care can have an immediate impact on state economies. Access to affordable child care can increase labor force participation and support parents seeking additional education and training, which contributes to higher earnings over an individual's lifetime.

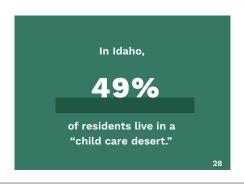
In Idaho, an estimated 7,426 JOBS are sustained by the child care sector.

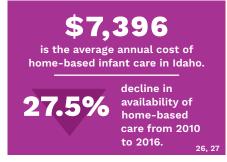
#### Lack of Supply and High Cost of Care Challenging for Working Families

The cost of care in Idaho remains a hurdle for many parents who wish to enter or remain in the workforce. Limited access to high-quality, affordable child care presents an additional challenge for working families. Simultaneously, the supply of home-based care, which is often the more affordable and flexible option, has decreased since 2010.

\$8,636 is the average annual cost of center-based infant care in Idaho. 11.8% of the state median income 24, 25

In Idaho, the child care **ECONOMIC IMPACT OF** 





U.S. Census Bureau (Census) 3 Ibid. 4 Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (PIR) 5 PIR and Census 6 PIR 7 PIR and Census 8 Office of Child Care FY2018 CCDF Data Tables 9 Center for American Progress (CAP) Early Learning in the U.S. 2019 10 Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) 11 U.S. Department of Education 12 Ibid. 13 Head Start Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center 14 Office of Child Care (OCC) FY2019 CCDF Allocations (Based on Appropriations) 15 Ibid. 16 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) 17 Office of Family Assistance TANF FY2018 Financial Data 18 HRSA 19 2020 PDG Grant Awards Initial Funding 20 ED 21 Ibid. 22 Census 23 Committee for Economic Development (CED) 24 Child Care Aware of America - The US and the High Price of Care 2019 25 Ibid. 26 Ibid. 27 CED 28 CAP defines "child care desert" as any census tract with more than 50 children under age 5 that contains either no child care providers OR more than three times as many children as licensed child care slots. 29 CED