Early Childhood Education in Oregon



In Oregon, state and federally funded early childhood opportunities served more than 46,517 children and families.

High-quality early childhood education (ECE) is proven to dramatically improve a child's opportunities for a better future - particularly children from low-income families - while offering parents improved job stability and overall economic security. Research has shown an annual 13% return on investment per child through better education, economic, health, and social outcomes. To ensure all children can access high-quality early learning and care, the federal government partners with states to support local efforts and innovations.

Over time, ECE programs have been created to meet the diverse needs of children and families. A 2017 Government Accountability Office (GAO) report found that these programs work in conjunction to benefit those they serve.

Much of the progress at the state and local level has been made possible by strong partnerships with the federal government aimed at expanding access and increasing quality for more children. Many state and community programs are funded exclusively with federal dollars, while others leverage federal funding to create and expand high-quality early learning and care opportunities beyond what is possible with state funding alone. This resource provides a snapshot of what ECE looks like in Oregon. To learn more about the specific programs referenced, read FFYF's ABCs of Federal Early Learning and Care Funding Streams resource.

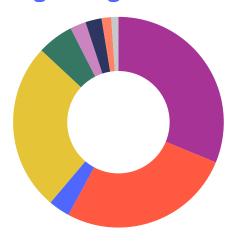
$^{\rm 1}{\rm This}$ figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, CCDF, MIECHV,
state-funded Pre-K, and IDEA Parts B Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and
families are served by more than one program.

Note: The data and information in this resource relies on reporting from prior to the COVID-19 pandemic.

OREGON QUICK FACTS		
Population Under Six ²	280,907	
Under Six Living in Poverty ³	13.43%	
Children Enrolled in Head Start⁴	9,431	
Eligible Children Served by Head Start ⁵	32.58%	
Children Enrolled in Early Head Start ⁶	2,090	
Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start ⁷	5.60%	
Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds ⁸	8,308	
Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds ⁹	6.70%	
Families Served by the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program (MIECHV) ¹⁰	1,247	
Children Enrolled in State Funded Pre-K ¹¹	9,360	
Children Served by the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Part C ¹²	4,388	
Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619 ¹³	11,693	

Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Oregon





Early Childhood Education and the Oregon Economy

In Oregon, there are 174,603 children under age six with all available parents in the workforce.²⁴ In addition to the significant impact of early childhood education on children and families in the short and long term, early learning and care can have an immediate impact on state economies. Access to affordable child care can increase labor force participation and support parents seeking additional education and training, which contributes to higher earnings over an individual's lifetime.

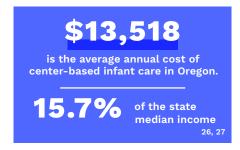
In Oregon, an estimated

25,014 JOBS

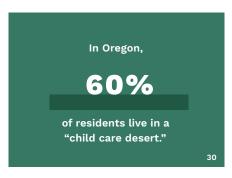
are sustained by the child care sector.

Lack of Supply and High Cost of Care Challenging for Working Families

The cost of care in Oregon remains a hurdle for many parents who wish to enter or remain in the workforce. Limited access to high-quality, affordable child care presents an additional challenge for working families. Simultaneously, the supply of home-based care, which is often the more affordable and flexible option, has decreased since 2010.









² <u>U.S. Census Bureau (Census)</u> ³ Ibid. ⁴ Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (PIR) ⁵ PIR and <u>Census</u> ⁶ PIR ⁷ PIR and <u>Census</u> ⁸ Office of Child Care FY2018 CCDF Data Tables ⁹ Center for American Progress (CAP) Early Learning in the U.S. 2019 ¹⁰ Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) ¹¹ The National Institute for Early Education (NIEER) - State of Preschool 2019 ¹² <u>U.S. Department of Education</u> ¹³ Ibid. ¹⁴ Head Start Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center ¹⁵ Office of Child Care (OCC) FY2019 CCDF Allocations (Based on Appropriations) ¹⁶ Ibid. ¹⁷ NIEER - State of Preschool 2019

¹⁸ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) ¹⁹ Office of Family Assistance TANF FY2018 Financial Data ²⁰ HRSA ²¹ 2020 PDG Grant Awards ²² ED ²³ Ibid.

²⁴ Census ²⁵ Committee for Economic Development (CED) ²⁶ Child Care Aware of America - The US and the High Price of Care 2019 ²⁷ Ibid. ²⁸ Ibid. ²⁸ CED

³⁰ CAP defines "child care desert" as any census tract with more than 50 children under age 5 that contains either no child care providers OR more than three times as many children as licensed child care slots. ³¹ CED