Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV) in

Virginia



MIECHV provides federal funds to states, territories, and tribal entities for voluntary, evidence-based home visiting services. Home visitors meet with parents one on one from pregnancy through their child's kindergarten entry to help lay the foundation for the health, education, development, and economic self-sufficiency of the entire family. Visits by caring, experienced professionals who provide families support and connections to needed resources and services can help families leverage their strengths so they can thrive.

Since 2013, MIECHV has been level-funded at \$400 million annually and pre-pandemic estimates showed MIECHV reached only 3-5% of eligible families nationwide. As MIECHV is set to expire on September 30, 2022, reauthorization offers Congress the opportunity to provide additional investments that will enable home visiting programs to reach

more families. The National Home Visiting Coalition, of which FFYF is a member, recommends a five-year reauthorization that would increase funding by \$200 million annually (reaching \$1.4 billion in FY2027); doubling the MIECHV tribal set-aside from 3% to 6% to reach more families in American Indian and Alaska Native communities; and continuing to allow virtual home visiting implemented with model fidelity as a service delivery option for families who choose it.

Virginia MIECHV Program At-a-Glance

Rural: Accomack, Charlotte, Danville City, Dickenson, Emporia City, Greensville, Halifax, King George, Mecklenburg, Northampton, Norton City, Pittsylvania, Southampton, Wise

Urban: Bristol City, Campbell,
Caroline, Chesapeake City, Clarke,
Fairfax, Floyd, Franklin, Frederick,
Fredericksburg City, Giles,
Hampton City, Henrico, James
City, Lynchburg City, Montgomery,
Newport News City, Norfolk City,
Portsmouth City, Pulaski, Radford,
Richmond City, Spotsylvania,
Stafford, Suffolk City, Sussex,
Virginia Beach City, Warren,
Washington, Williamsburg City,
Winchester City

Evidence-based models providing MIECHV-supported home visiting services in Virginia include:







In FY21:

\$7,712,055

was awarded to the Virginia Department of Health¹

Within Virginia, MIECHV provided/ served:*

1,333 families17,474 home visits1,458 children

Virginia Performance Highlights:

93.8%

of children enrolled in home visiting received their last recommended well child visit based on the American Academy of Pediatrics schedule

• 87.5%

of infants enrolled in home visiting were always placed to sleep on their backs, without bed-sharing or soft bedding

85.7%

of children enrolled in home visiting had a family member who read, told stories, and/or sang with them on a daily basis



Family Needs[^]

States tailor their programs to meet community needs, with priority given to certain populations listed in the law.

In Virginia:

◆ 76.2% of households were low income

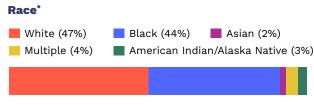
19.6%

of households included someone who used tobacco products in the home

19.1%

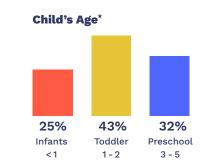
of households reported a history of child abuse or maltreatment

Virginia Families Receiving Home Visiting



To protect confidentiality, race categories with less than 10 respondents have been omitted. Percentages may not add to 100%

Ethnicity* Hispanic or Latino



Potential Beneficiaries:

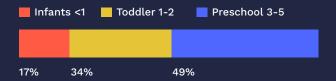
In Virginia, an estimated 464,700 families could benefit from home visiting with sufficient funding.*

• 44% of families met one or more priority criteria.

15%

of families met two or more priority criteria.

591,800 children could benefit from home visiting with sufficient funding.*



The estimated percentage of families who could benefit in Virginia met the following priority criteria:*

