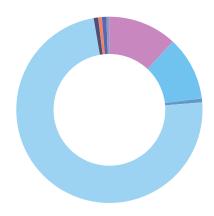


Early Childhood Education in Arizona



State and federal funding enables more than 54,914 children and families in Arizona to access high-quality, public and private, early childhood programs.¹

Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Arizona



\$212.3M • Head Start and Early Head Start²

\$196.6M • CCDBG and Mandatory Funds³

\$11.5M • CCDBG State Match4

\$1.3B • CCDBG COVID-Relief Allocations: CARES⁵ | CRRSA⁶ | ARPA (CCDF + Stabilization)⁷

\$14.5M • State-Funded Pre-K⁸

\$10.9M MIECHV9

\$14.2M • IDEA Part C¹⁰

\$8.7M • IDEA Part B, Sec. 61911

Arizona Quick Facts

9.779

Children Enrolled in Head Start¹⁶

14.61%

Eligible Children Served by Head Start¹⁷

3 763

Children Enrolled in Early Head Start¹⁸

5.25%

Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start¹⁹

21,798

Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds²⁰

11.6%

Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds²¹

3,630

Children Enrolled in State Funded Pre-K²²

2,001

Families Served by MIECHV²³

5,406

Children Served by IDEA Part C²⁴

8,537

Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619²⁵

13.37%

Three- and Four-year old Children who Attend Public ECE²⁶

Early Childhood Education Economic Impact

In addition to the benefits to young children, access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. Child care problems, however, adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses upward of \$57 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.¹²

In Arizona

10.7% of parents make career sacrifices due to child care issues.¹³

Labor force participation of mothers with children under the age of 5 decreased from 59.9% in 2019 to 51.6% in 2021.14

Nationwide¹⁵

The percent of families that reported difficulty finding space in a home- or center-based program increased dramatically from 22% in December 2021 to 58% in January 2022.

71% of parents report that difficulty finding child care has impacted their ability to work.

Arizona Early Learning and Care Snapshot



- Population Under Six: 516,537²⁷
- Under Six Living in Poverty: 20.90%²⁸
- 59.06% of children under six have all available parents in the workforce²⁹



- 48% of Arizona residents live in a "child care desert"³⁰
- For rural families and families with low incomes, this percentage is even higher³¹



- The average price of child care is \$8,953 per year³²
- The median household income is \$88,352³³



 Met 3/10 of NIEER's State Preschool Quality Standards³⁴

High Price of Care³⁵

Too often, the care that is available costs more than families can afford.

Annual Price of Infant Care in Arizona

Married Parents

Percent of Median Income

Married Parents

Single Parent

39.0%

*7,855 per year

Married Parents

Single Parent

25.8%

Low Compensation for Early Educators

Despite the critical nature of their work, early educators are among the most underpaid workers in the nation.³⁶

\$11.97 Child Care Workers Hourly Rate



The Temporary Impact of ARPA Funding

In Arizona, 86,237 child care spots were saved by ARPA funds.³⁷

Of providers who received stabilization grants:38

92%

said funding helped them stay open.

75%

used funds for compensation but still struggle to provide competitive wages and benefits. 46%

used funds to pay debts taken on in the course of the pandemic, including

63%

of those in family child care homes.

1 This figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG), the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood, Home Visiting Program (MIECHV), state-funded Pre-K, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Parts 8, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program. | 2 Head Start Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center | 3 Office of Child Care (IOCC) GY001 CCDF Allocations (Gased on. Appropriations) | 4 Hold | 5 OCC. CARES Act CORDS. Supelmental Euroling Allocations for States and Territories | 6 OCC. CORDS. Act CORDS. Supelmental Euroling Allocations for States and Territories | 7 OCC American. Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA) of 2021 Allocations for States and Territories | 7 OCC American. Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Supplemental Earblization and CCDF Discretionary Funding Allocation Tables for States and Territories | 8 National Institute for Early Education Research - State of Preschool 2021 (NIEER) | 9 Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) | 10 U.S. Department of Education (ED) | 11 Hibid | 12 Council for a Strong America | 13 Data Resource Center. for Child and Adolescent Health 2018 | 14 Committee for Economic Development (CED) | 15 Repid-EC Survey March 2022 | 16 Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (PIR) | 17 PIR and U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 18 PIR | 19 PIR and Census | 20 OCC PY2020 CCDP Preliminary Data Tables | 21 Center for American Progress (CAP) - Early Learning in the U.S. 2021 | 22 MIEER (Includes preschool.) Add Start Progress (CAP) - Early Learning in the U.S. 2021 | 22 MIEER (23 HESA) | 24 DI | 25 DI | 26 MIEER (Includes preschool.) Head Start, and Special Education) | 27 Census | 28 Census | 29 Census | 20 Cen