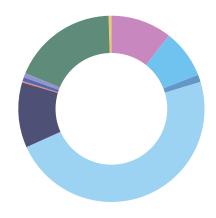


Early Childhood Education in Illinois



State and federal funding enables more than 159,337 children and families in Illinois to access high-quality, public and private, early childhood programs.¹

Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Illinois



\$386.0M • Head Start and Early Head Start²

\$306.6M • CCDBG and Mandatory Funds3

\$47.3M • CCDBG State Match⁴

\$1.7B • CCDBG COVID-Relief Allocations: CARES⁵ | CRRSA⁶ | ARPA (CCDF + Stabilization)⁷

\$413.0M • State-Funded Pre-K⁸

\$8.5M • MIECHV⁹

\$24.8M • IDEA Part C¹⁰

\$27.3M • IDEA Part B, Sec. 61911

\$664.7M • TANF¹² Early Learning and Care Expenditures¹³

\$17.4M • Preschool Development Grant Birth through Five14

Illinois Quick Facts

16.675

Children Enrolled in Head Start¹⁹

20.85%

Eligible Children Served by Head Start²⁰

9.467

Children Enrolled in Early Head Start²¹

7.66%

Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start²²

30,300

Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds²³

10.0%

Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds²⁴ 66,609

Children Enrolled in State Funded Pre-K²⁵

1,260

Families Served by MIECHV²⁶

12,122

Children Served by IDEA Part C²⁷

22,904

Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619²⁸

29.44%

Three- and Four-year old Children who Attend Public ECE²⁹

Early Childhood Education Economic Impact

In addition to the benefits to young children, access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. Child care problems, however, adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses upward of \$57 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.¹⁵

In Illinois

10.2% of parents make career sacrifices due to child care issues.¹⁶

Labor force participation of mothers with children under the age of 5 increased from 72.2% in 2019 to 74.7% in 2021.17

Nationwide¹⁸

The percent of families that reported difficulty finding space in a home- or center-based program increased dramatically from 22% in December 2021 to 58% in January 2022.

71% of parents report that difficulty finding child care has impacted their ability to work.

Illinois Early Learning and Care Snapshot



- Population Under Six: 902.33730
- Under Six Living in Poverty: 17.22%31
- 67.54% of children under six have all available parents in the workforce³²



- 58% of Illinois residents live in a "child care desert"³³
- For Hispanics/Latinos and rural families, this percentage is even higher³⁴



- The average price of child care is \$11,146 per year³⁵
- The median household income is \$107,172³⁶

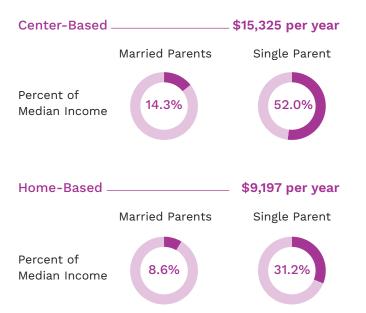


 Met 8/10 of NIEER's State Preschool Quality Standards³⁷

High Price of Care38

Too often, the care that is available costs more than families can afford.

Annual Price of Infant Care in Illinois



Low Compensation for Early Educators

Despite the critical nature of their work, early educators are among the most underpaid workers in the nation.³⁹

\$11.16 Child Care Workers Hourly Rate



The Temporary Impact of ARPA Funding

In Illinois, 129,599 child care spots were saved by ARPA funds.⁴⁰

Of providers who received stabilization grants:41

92%

said funding helped them stay open.

75%

used funds for compensation but still struggle to provide competitive wages and benefits. 46%

used funds to pay debts taken on in the course of the pandemic, including

63%

of those in family child care homes.

1 This figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDSG), the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood, Home Visiting Program (MIECHV), state-funded Pre-K, and the Individuos with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Parts B, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program. | 2 Head Start Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center | 3 Office of Child Care (OCC) GY2021 CCDF Allocations (Based on Appropriations) | 4 Ibid | 5 OCC CARES Act CCDBS Supplemental Funding Allocations for States and Territories | 6 OCC Coronavirus, Ressonse and Relief Supplemental Exhibitation and CCDF Discretionary Funding Allocation Tables for States and Territories | 7 OCC American, Ressupe Plan Act (ARPA) Supplemental Stabilization and CCDF Discretionary Funding Allocation Tables for Stand and Territories | 8 National Institute for Early Education Research - State of Preschool 2021 (NIEER) | 9 Health Resources and Services. Administration (HRSA) | 10 U.S. Department of Education (ED) | 11 Ibid | 12 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 13 Office of Family Assistance TANE PY2019 Financial Data | 14 OCC (includes non-Tederal match amount) | 15 Council for a Strong, America | 16 Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health 2019 | 17 Committee for Economic Development (EDD) | 18 Ragid-EC, Suryey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (PR) | 20 PR and Usens Survey | 12 OFFICE | 12 OFFIC