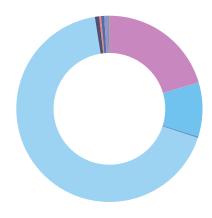


# Early Childhood Education in Mississippi



State and federal funding enables more than 38,651 children and families in Mississippi to access high-quality, public and private, early childhood programs.<sup>1</sup>

### Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Mississippi



\$212.3M • Head Start and Early Head Start<sup>2</sup>

\$96.9M • CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>3</sup>

\$3.0M • CCDBG State Match<sup>4</sup>

\$699.1M • CCDBG COVID-Relief Allocations: CARES<sup>5</sup> | CRRSA<sup>6</sup> | ARPA (CCDF + Stabilization)<sup>7</sup>

\$7.7M • State-Funded Pre-K<sup>8</sup>

\$3.0M • MIECHV<sup>9</sup>

\$6.1M • IDEA Part C10

\$6.5M • IDEA Part B, Sec. 61911

\$1.7M • TANF12 Early Learning and Care Expenditures13

#### **Mississippi Quick Facts**

12,959

Children Enrolled in Head Start<sup>18</sup>

42.24%

Eligible Children Served by Head Start<sup>19</sup>

2,831

Children Enrolled in Early Head Start<sup>20</sup>

8.20%

Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start<sup>21</sup>

13,923

Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>22</sup>

16.3%

Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>23</sup> 2,727

Children Enrolled in State Funded Pre-K<sup>24</sup>

676

Families Served by MIECHV<sup>25</sup>

1,621

Children Served by IDEA Part C<sup>26</sup>

3,914

Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619<sup>27</sup>

29.17%

Three- and Four-year old Children who Attend Public ECE<sup>28</sup>

# Early Childhood Education Economic Impact

In addition to the benefits to young children, access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. Child care problems, however, adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses upward of \$57 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.<sup>14</sup>

#### In Mississippi

6.5% of parents make career sacrifices due to child care issues. 15

Labor force participation of mothers with children under the age of 5 decreased from 72.3% in 2019 to 65.8% in 2021.<sup>16</sup>

### Nationwide<sup>17</sup>

The percent of families that reported difficulty finding space in a home- or center-based program increased dramatically from 22% in December 2021 to 58% in January 2022.

71% of parents report that difficulty finding child care has impacted their ability to work.

# Mississippi Early Learning and Care Snapshot



- Population Under Six: 221.552<sup>29</sup>
- Under Six Living in Poverty: 28.50%30
- 65.41% of children under six have all available parents in the workforce<sup>31</sup>



- 48% of Mississippi residents live in a "child care desert"<sup>32</sup>
- For Hispanics/Latinos and rural families, this percentage is even higher<sup>33</sup>



- The average price of child care is \$4,904 per year<sup>34</sup>
- The median household income is \$81,552<sup>35</sup>



 Met 10/10 of NIEER's State Preschool Quality Standards<sup>36</sup>

### High Price of Care<sup>37</sup>

Too often, the care that is available costs more than families can afford.

#### **Annual Price of Infant Care in Mississippi**

Center-Based \$5,933 per year

Married Parents Single Parent

Percent of Median Income



Home-Based \_\_\_\_\_\_\$4,309 per year

Married Parents Single Parent

Percent of Median Income



### Low Compensation for Early Educators

Despite the critical nature of their work, early educators are among the most underpaid workers in the nation.<sup>38</sup>

\$8.94 Child Care Workers Hourly Rate

#### \$18,590

Child Care Worker Est. Annual Salary



\$15,080 Federal Minimum Wage Poverty Line\* Nationally, child care workers make less than **98%** of all occupations

## The Temporary Impact of ARPA Funding

In Mississippi, 50,026 child care spots were saved by ARPA funds.<sup>39</sup>

Of providers who received stabilization grants:40

92%

said funding helped them stay open.

75%

used funds for compensation but still struggle to provide competitive wages and benefits. 46%

used funds to pay debts taken on in the course of the pandemic, including

63%

of those in family child care homes.

This figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG), the Maternal, Infain, and Early Childhood, Home Visting Program (MICEHY), state-funded Pre-K, and the Individuals this blashities Education Act (IDEA) Parts B, Sec. 618 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program, I 2 Head Start, Early Childhood, Learning and Knowledge Center; I 3 Office of Child Care (OCC) GY2021 CCDF Allocations (Based on, Appropriations) I 4 libid | 5 OCC CARES Act CCDBG Supplemental Funding Allocations for States and Territories; I 6 OCC Cornavirus, Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRBSA) of 2021 Allocations for States and Territories; I 7 OCC America. Rescue Plan Act (ABPA) Supplemental Stabilization and CCDF Discretionary Funding Allocation Tables for States and Territories; I 8 National Institute for Early Education Research – State of Preschool 2021 (NIEER) | 9 Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) | 10 U.S. Department of Education (ED) | 11 libid | 12 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 13 Office of Family Assistance TANF PY2019 Financial Data | 14 Council for a Strong America | 15 Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health 2019 | 19 Committee for Economic Development (CED) | 17 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 18 Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (RN) | 19 PR And U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 20 PR | 21 PR Rand Gensus | 20 Center for American Progress (CAP) – Early Learning in the U.S. 2021 | 24 NIEER | 25 HBSA | 26 ED | 27 ED | 28 NIEER (Includes preschool, Head Start, and Special Education) | 19 Census | 30 Census | 31 Census | 32 CAP | defines 'child Care desert' as any census tract with more than fifty children under age five that contains either no child care providers OR more than three times as many children as licensed child care slots. | 33 CAP | 34 Child Care Awyate of America (CCAPA) (average of center-based and home-based infant and 4-yeav-old care) |