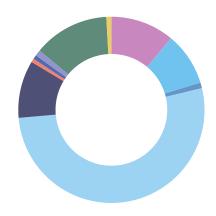


# Early Childhood Education in Wisconsin



State and federal funding enables more than 81,154 children and families in Wisconsin to access high-quality, public and private, early childhood programs.<sup>1</sup>

# Federal and State Early Childhood Education Funding in Wisconsin



\$164.7M • Head Start and Early Head Start<sup>2</sup>

\$136.5M • CCDBG and Mandatory Funds3

\$14.9M • CCDBG State Match4

\$780.2M • CCDBG COVID-Relief Allocations: CARES<sup>5</sup> | CRRSA<sup>6</sup> | ARPA (CCDF + Stabilization)<sup>7</sup>

\$148.6M • State-Funded Pre-K<sup>8</sup>

\$8.6M • MIECHV<sup>9</sup>

\$11.0M • IDEA Part C10

\$14.7M • IDEA Part B, Sec. 61911

\$195.8M • TANF<sup>12</sup> Early Learning and Care Expenditures<sup>13</sup>

\$13.0M • Preschool Development Grant Birth through Five14

#### **Wisconsin Quick Facts**

#### 7.914

Children Enrolled in Head Start<sup>19</sup>

#### 16.08%

Eligible Children Served by Head Start<sup>20</sup>

#### 3 650

Children Enrolled in Early Head Start<sup>21</sup>

#### 775%

Eligible Children Served by Early Head Start<sup>22</sup>

#### 12,328

Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>23</sup>

#### 7.7%

Eligible Children Under Six Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>24</sup>

#### 41,993

Children Enrolled in State Funded Pre-K<sup>25</sup>

#### 2,047

Families Served by MIECHV<sup>26</sup>

#### 5,070

Children Served by IDEA Part C<sup>27</sup>

#### 8,152

Children Served by IDEA Part B, Sec. 619<sup>28</sup>

### 37.81%

Three- and Four-year old Children who Attend Public ECE<sup>29</sup>

# Early Childhood Education Economic Impact

In addition to the benefits to young children, access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. Child care problems, however, adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses upward of \$57 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue. 15

#### In Wisconsin

7.8% of parents make career sacrifices due to child care issues.<sup>16</sup>

Labor force participation of mothers with children under the age of 5 decreased from 84.6% in 2019 to 77.0% in 2021.<sup>17</sup>

### Nationwide<sup>18</sup>

The percent of families that reported difficulty finding space in a home- or center-based program increased dramatically from 22% in December 2021 to 58% in January 2022.

71% of parents report that difficulty finding child care has impacted their ability to work.

# Wisconsin Early Learning and Care Snapshot



- Population Under Six: 399.631<sup>30</sup>
- Under Six Living in Poverty: 16.02%31
- 70.93% of children under six have all available parents in the workforce<sup>32</sup>



- 54% of Wisconsin residents live in a "child care desert"<sup>33</sup>
- For Hispanics/Latinos and rural families, this percentage is even higher<sup>34</sup>



- The average price of child care is \$10,720 per year<sup>35</sup>
- The median household income is \$101,951<sup>36</sup>



 Met 3/10 of NIEER's State Preschool Quality Standards<sup>37</sup>

### **High Price of Care**38

Too often, the care that is available costs more than families can afford.

### **Annual Price of Infant Care in Wisconsin**

Center-Based \$12,984 per year

Married Parents Single Parent

Percent of Median Income





Home-Based \_\_\_\_\_\_\$10,215 per year

Married Parents Single Parent

Percent of Median Income

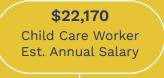




## Low Compensation for Early Educators

Despite the critical nature of their work, early educators are among the most underpaid workers in the nation.<sup>39</sup>

\$10.66 Child Care Workers Hourly Rate



\$15,080 Federal Minimum Wage Poverty Line\* Nationally, child care workers make less than **98%** of all occupations

# The Temporary Impact of ARPA Funding

In Wisconsin, 45,332 child care spots were saved by ARPA funds.<sup>40</sup>

Of providers who received stabilization grants:41

92%

said funding helped them stay open.

75%

used funds for compensation but still struggle to provide competitive wages and benefits. 46%

used funds to pay debts taken on in the course of the pandemic, including

63%

of those in family child care homes.

1 This figure includes beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, the Child Care and Development Block Grant (CCDBG), the Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood, Home Visiting Program (MIECEN), state-funded Pre-X, and the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) Parts B, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program. | 2 Head Start Early Childhood Learning and Knowledge Center | 3 Office of Child Care (OCC) GY2021 CCDF Allocations (Based on Appropriations) | 4 Ibid | 5 QCC CARES, Act CCDBG Supplemental Funding Allocations for States and Territories | 6 QCC Coronavirus, Response and Relief Supplemental Stabilization and CCDF Discretionary, Funding Allocation Tables for Stards and Territories | 8 National Institute for Early Education Research - State of Preschool 2021 (NIEER) | 9 Health Resources and Services Administration. HRSA| | 10 U.S. Department of Education (ED) | 11 Ibid | 12 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) | 13 Office of Family. Assistance TANF PY2019 Financial Data | 14 QCC (includes non-federal match amount) | 15 Council for a Strong America| 16 Data, Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health 2019 | 17 Committee for Economic Development (EDD) | 18 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start Herformance Indicator Report (PR)| 20 PIR and U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 18 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start Herformance Indicator Report (PR)| 20 PIR and U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 18 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start Herformance Indicator Report (PR)| 20 PIR and U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 18 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start Performance Indicator Report (PR)| 20 PIR and U.S. Census Bureau (Census) | 18 Rapid-EC Survey, March 2022 | 19 Office of Head Start (PR)| 20 PIR and U.S. Census Borcal Education) | 30 Census | 31 Census | 32 Census | 33 Census | 33 Census | 34 Census | 35 Census | 35 Census | 35 Census | 36 Census | 36 Census | 36 Census | 37 NIEER | 36