Child Care & Development Block Grant in Utah



The Child Care & Development Block Grant (CCDBG) is the primary federal grant program that allows states to provide child care assistance to low-income working families with children under age 13. The majority of these funds serve children 6 years or younger, with the remainder supporting care for

Subsidies help remove barriers to affordable, highquality child care, whether in center- or homebased settings. They give working parents the ability to access quality care and choose the type of care that works best for them. The majority of funds go directly to providing early learning experiences, but states can also use the funding to:

• Recruit and retain a well-qualified, fairly compensated, and effective workforce

older children during out-of-school time.

- · Support continuous quality improvement
- Meet the child care needs of families working nontraditional hours

How CCDBG Funds Flow

Using an established federal formula, states, territories, and tribal entities receive grant awards from the Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families (ACF).

→ Parents

Families can use vouchers to help cover the cost of care if a provider/program agrees to accept them.

→ Providers

Grants and contracts represent agreements between the subsidy program and child care providers to designate slots for subsidy-eligible children.



In Utah,

of children ages 0-6 are eligible for a CCDBG subsidy under federal rules on average each month.¹²





are not served due to insufficient federal funding.¹³

CCDBG by the Numbers in Utah

298,752 Children Under 61

52% Population Under 6 with All Parents in the Workforce²

7,564 Children Ages 0-6 Served by CCDBG and Mandatory Funds³

1,378 Providers Accepting CCDBG Subsidies⁴

61% Children Currently Served by CCDBG Who Are Under the Age of 65

\$94,978,356 CCDBG and Mandatory Funds⁶

\$7,532,769 CCDBG State Match⁷

\$573,873,964 CCDBG COVID-Relief Allocations: CARES⁸ | CRRSA⁹ | ARPA (CCDF + Stabilization)¹⁰

\$15,071,188 TANF Transferred to CCDBG11

Income Eligibility

Given CCDBG is a federal block grant, state Lead Agencies have the flexibility to design their own subsidy programs in compliance with established eligibility and quality requirements and may choose to set their own additional requirements.

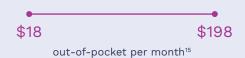
The Lead Agency in Utah is the Utah Department of Workforce Services.

Families that meet income eligibility and work/job training/ education requirements can apply to the Lead Agency for a subsidy. Many families are required to pay a copay, but states may waive those requirements. Families who receive a subsidy may choose any participating child care provider, including centerbased care (including faith-based programs), home-based care, and in-home care.

In Utah, eligibility is capped at 56% of State Median Income (SMI). This means that a family of 3 is eligible for a subsidy if they make: \$2,918 or less per month (\$35,016 per year).14

Receiving subsidies results in much lower out-of-pocket costs for families.

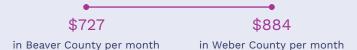
In Utah, a family receiving a CCDBG subsidy pays between



Families with very low incomes and children experiencing homelessness are exempt from copayments.16

Families that don't receive subsidies pay significantly higher costs.

For instance, center-based infant care ranges in price from:17



Find more information on child care prices by age and care setting in your state or county here.18

Provider Reimbursements

ACF recommends that Lead Agencies set provider reimbursement rates at the 75th percentile of the market rate. 19 This is the price the lowest 75% of child care programs included in the market rate survey reported charging.

However, market rates often do not reflect the actual costs of providing high-quality care as programs must charge what families can afford in order to fill slots. Therefore, there is a significant gap between how much providers are reimbursed and how much it costs to provide care. Find answers to the most frequently asked questions about provider reimbursement rates

Provider Reimbursement Rates in Utah²⁰ In percentiles of market rate



In Utah, all providers are reimbursed at or above the federally recommended reimbursement rate. These higher payment rates are critical in supporting providers to stay financially afloat and provide high-quality learning experiences. They also help lowand middle-income working families afford quality child care.

CCDBG in COVID-19 Relief

Throughout the pandemic, there was strong bipartisan support for federal relief funding to keep the child care sector afloat. CCDBG was the primary mechanism for providing this relief to child care providers and ensuring access to child care for thousands of working families through CARES, CRRSA, and ARPA. As of December 31, 2022:21

1,585 child care programs in Utah received American Rescue Plan Stabilization support, impacting up to 82,500 children.

Providers in 83% of Utah counties have received funds, including:



child care centers



Most common use of funds:

Personnel costs and keeping programs staffed.



family child care homes



Most common use of funds:

Rent and mortgage payments, typically their largest operating expense.

American Rescue Plan Act Spending Spotlight²²

Funds have been used to support providers facing financial burdens due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The monthly base grant amount is \$250 per child multiplied by the license capacity amount, and there is an enhancement of \$300 per child for providers who agree to pay at least \$15/hour for at least half of their staff.

Federal pandemic relief funding, which buttressed an already struggling child care market, expires in September 2024. As this temporary funding expires, Congress must come together to strengthen and invest in our federal early learning and care programs so families can access the reliable, high-quality,

- Census
 Office of Child Care (OCC), "FY2020 CCDF
 Preliminary Data Tables"
 Administration for Children and Families (ACF)

- CARES Act CCDBG Supplemental Funding

- of the federal poverty level is \$23,030 annually Care Prices
- 18. United States Women's Bureau, "National Database of
- United States womens ourseau, measurement of Childcare Prices*
 Market rate surveys (MRS), which must be completed every three years, examine the fees that child care providers charge for services in the priced market. CAP, "States Can Improve Child Care Assistance Programs Through Cost Modeling*
 ACF, "Child Care Stabilization Funding State Fact Sheet Department of Workforce Services
- : Modeling" zation Funding State Fact Sheets" ce Services