

Child Care and Early Education in Delaware



In Delaware, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than 10,025 children and families,¹ or 16% of children birth through age 5.²

High-quality early care and education (ECE) is proven to dramatically improve a child's opportunities for a better future while offering parents greater job stability and overall economic security.

The Economic Impact

Access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. However, widespread problems finding and paying for child care adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses \$122 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue. In Delaware: The estimated annual economic impact of the infant-toddler child care crisis: \$415M.8

Families Lack Access to High-Quality ECE Options in Delaware

The high cost and limited supply of quality ECE have created serious challenges for many families.

Unmet Need



64,550 Children Birth Through Age Five³



20% of Children Birth Through Age Five Living in Poverty⁴



67% of Children Birth Through Age Five With All Available Parents in the Workforce⁵



16% of Children Birth Through Age Five Served By Federal- and State-Funded Early Learning Opportunities⁶

Note: 1,2,6: These figures include beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, CCDF, MIECHV, state-funded Pre-K, and IDEA Parts B, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program.

There are several early learning programs that provide working families with access to high-quality, affordable ECE opportunities, but currently the demand for care far outweighs the supply, and funding constraints leave many eligible children unserved. Each of these programs has its own eligibility requirements, purpose, and service delivery model. Together they form a mixed-delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs.

Child Care & Development Block Grant (CCDBG)

3.654

Children Birth Through Age Five Served⁹



Eligible Children Birth Through Age Five Served¹⁰

Learn more about CCDBG in Delaware here.

Early Head Start

660

Children Enrolled¹¹



Eligible Children Served¹²

Head Start

1,368

Children Enrolled¹³



Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV)

185

Families Served¹⁵

Learn more about MIECHV in Delaware <u>here</u>.

IDEA Part B, Sec. 619

State-Funded Pre-K

818

Children Enrolled¹⁶



of three- and four-yearold children attend public ECE¹⁷

IDEA Part C

1,202

Children Served¹⁸

2,138 Children Served¹⁹

Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC)

Through the tax code, the CDCTC helps parents with the cost of work-related child care expenses.

Learn more about CDCTC here.

Early Care and Education (ECE) in Delaware Snapshot



Accessibility

Many families struggle to find the care they need.

- 25% of Delaware residents live in a "child care desert."20
- Rural families and families with low incomes are disproportionately represented among those who live in a "child care desert."²¹
- 3% of children under age 3 receive early intervention services.²²



Affordability

The cost of ECE is too expensive for many families.

- The annual price of center-based infant care is \$14,290, and home-based infant care is \$9,646.²³
- Families receiving a CCDBG subsidy pay between \$13 and \$1,725 per month for one child in care.²⁴
- A two-parent household spends 10% of their income on child care, while HHS defines spending over 7% to be a burden.²⁵



ECE Workforce

Early childhood educators have some of the lowest paying jobs in the United States, earning poverty-level wages.²⁶

 \$26,930 child care worker annual salary (\$12.95 per hour).²⁷



Program Quality

Program quality varies substantially across and within states.

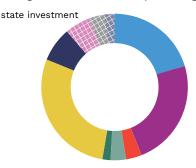
- Met 9/10 of NIEER's Quality Standards Benchmarks for state-funded pre-K programs. Only 5 states met all 10 benchmarks in 2022.²⁸
- 27% of children received developmental screenings at 9, 18, and 30 months in the past year.²⁹

For full sourcing information, visit here.

*CSCCE | **BUILD

Federal and State ECE Funding in Delaware

Federal funding is foundational to providing ECE.



\$21.6M • Head Start and Early Head Start³⁰

\$25.1M • CCDBG and Mandatory Funds³¹

\$3.7M ● MIECHV³²

\$3.6M • IDEA Part C33

\$1.9M ● IDEA Part B, Sec. 61934

\$30.2M ● TANF Early Learning and Care Expenditures³⁵

\$8M ● PDG B-5³⁶

\$6.1M ● State-Funded Pre-K³⁷

\$3.5M • CCDBG State Match³⁸

\$2.4M • PDG B-5 State Match39

Delaware received an additional \$146M through COVID-19 relief.⁴⁰

Spotlight: ECE Successes in Delaware

COVID-19 Relief:

Throughout the pandemic, there was strong bipartisan support for federal relief funding to keep the child care sector affect.

- As a result, 855 child care programs in Delaware received support, impacting up to 44,500 children.⁴¹
- These funds also allowed states to demonstrate what would be possible when equipped with additional resources. Funds have been used to support and stabilize the workforce through wage bonuses. Early childhood workers were eligible to receive a one-time bonus of \$1,000.*

Preschool Development Grant Birth Through Five (PDG B-5):

PDG B-5 is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states' early childhood systems. In their 2023 renewal grant application, among other uses, Delaware noted that they would use funding to:

- Expand full-day state-funded preschool to include infants and toddlers, serving more children with disabilities in inclusive ECE environments and prioritizing multilingual families in Kent and Sussex Counties.
- Implement Quality Improvement grants, prioritizing resources for providers in high-need communities with significant gaps in their Quality Improvement Plans.**