



2023

# Child Care and Early Education in Idaho



In Idaho, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than 12,516 children and families,<sup>1</sup> or 9% of children birth through age 5.<sup>2</sup>

High-quality early care and education (ECE) is proven to dramatically improve a child's opportunities for a better future while offering parents greater job stability and overall economic security.

## The Economic Impact

Access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. However, widespread problems finding and paying for child care adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses \$122 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.<sup>7</sup> In Idaho: The estimated annual economic impact of the infant-toddler child care crisis: \$525M.<sup>8</sup>

## Families Lack Access to High-Quality ECE Options in Idaho

The high cost and limited supply of quality ECE have created serious challenges for many families.

### Unmet Need



**139,560** Children Birth Through Age Five<sup>3</sup>



**16%** of Children Birth Through Age Five Living in Poverty<sup>4</sup>



**56%** of Children Birth Through Age Five With All Available Parents in the Workforce<sup>5</sup>



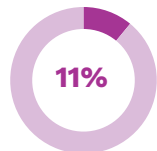
**9%** of Children Birth Through Age Five Served By Federal- and State-Funded Early Learning Opportunities<sup>6</sup>

Note: 1,2,6: These figures include beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, CCDF, MIECHV, state-funded Pre-K, and IDEA Parts B, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program.

There are several early learning programs that provide working families with access to high-quality, affordable ECE opportunities, but currently the demand for care far outweighs the supply, and funding constraints leave many eligible children unserved. Each of these programs has its own eligibility requirements, purpose, and service delivery model. Together they form a mixed-delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs.

## Child Care & Development Block Grant (CCDBG)

**4,761** Children Birth Through Age Five Served<sup>9</sup>



Eligible Children Birth Through Age Five Served<sup>10</sup>

Learn more about CCDBG in Idaho [here](#).

## Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV)

**508** Families Served<sup>15</sup>

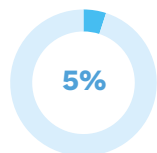
Learn more about MIECHV in Idaho [here](#).

## IDEA Part C

**2,009** Children Served<sup>18</sup>

## Early Head Start

**841** Children Enrolled<sup>11</sup>



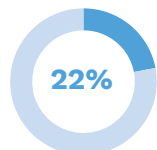
Eligible Children Served<sup>12</sup>

## IDEA Part B, Sec. 619

**2,303** Children Served<sup>19</sup>

## Head Start

**2,094** Children Enrolled<sup>13</sup>



Eligible Children Served<sup>14</sup>

## Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC)

Through the tax code, the CDCTC helps parents with the cost of work-related child care expenses.

Learn more about CDCTC [here](#).

## Early Care and Education (ECE) in Idaho Snapshot



### Accessibility

Many families struggle to find the care they need.

- **49%** of Idaho residents live in a “child care desert.”<sup>20</sup>
- **Hispanics/Latinos and rural families** are disproportionately represented among those who live in a “child care desert.”<sup>21</sup>
- **3%** of children under age 3 receive early intervention services.<sup>22</sup>



### Affordability

The cost of ECE is too expensive for many families.

- The annual price of center-based infant care is **\$9,708**, and home-based infant care is **\$7,308**.<sup>23</sup>
- Families receiving a CCDBG subsidy pay between **\$40** and **\$150 per month** for one child in care.<sup>24</sup>
- A two-parent household spends **9%** of their income on child care, while HHS defines spending over 7% to be a burden.<sup>25</sup>



### ECE Workforce

Early childhood educators have some of the lowest paying jobs in the United States, earning poverty-level wages.<sup>26</sup>

- **\$24,640** child care worker annual salary (\$11.85 per hour).<sup>27</sup>



### Program Quality

Program quality varies substantially across and within states.

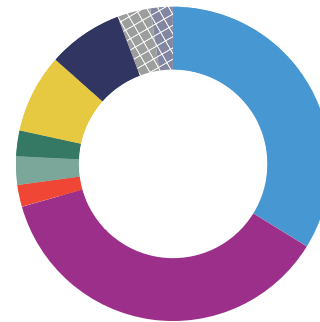
- **25%** of children received developmental screenings at 9, 18, and 30 months in the past year.<sup>29</sup>

For full sourcing information, visit [here](#).

## Federal and State ECE Funding in Idaho

Federal funding is foundational to providing ECE.

state investment



\$43.7M ● Head Start and Early Head Start<sup>30</sup>

\$47.6M ● CCDBG and Mandatory Funds<sup>31</sup>

\$2.9M ● MIECHV<sup>32</sup>

\$3.8M ● IDEA Part C<sup>33</sup>

\$3.4M ● IDEA Part B, Sec. 619<sup>34</sup>

\$10.5M ● TANF Early Learning and Care Expenditures<sup>35</sup>

\$10M ● PDG B-5<sup>36</sup>

\$4.4M ● CCDBG State Match<sup>38</sup>

\$3M ● PDG B-5 State Match<sup>39</sup>

Idaho received an additional \$303M through COVID-19 relief.<sup>40</sup>

### Spotlight: ECE Successes in Idaho

#### COVID-19 Relief:

Throughout the pandemic, there was strong bipartisan support for federal relief funding to keep the child care sector afloat.

- As a result, **830** child care programs in Idaho received support, impacting up to **47,700** children.<sup>41</sup>
- These funds also allowed states to demonstrate what would be possible when equipped with additional resources. Funds have been used to support and stabilize the workforce through wage bonuses. The Idaho Child Care Wage Enhancement Grant provides a temporary \$300 monthly wage supplement for child care workers based on the number of eligible staff beginning May 2021 or October 2021. All eligible providers will receive at least ten monthly awards.\*

#### Preschool Development Grant Birth Through Five (PDG B-5):

PDG B-5 is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states’ early childhood systems. In their 2023 renewal grant application, among other uses, Idaho noted that they would use funding to:

- **Increase and enhance the supply of quality ECE options in rural and disadvantaged communities.**
- **Partner with Wonderschool to develop a platform to simplify application, eligibility, and enrollment processes for families seeking home-based care.\*\***

<sup>1</sup>Idaho Department of Health and Welfare | <sup>2</sup>BUILD