# Child Care and Early Education in New Hampshire



In New Hampshire, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than 8,801 children and families,<sup>1</sup> or 11% of children birth through age 5.<sup>2</sup>

High-quality early care and education (ECE) is proven to dramatically improve a child's opportunities for a better future while offering parents greater job stability and overall economic security.

### **The Economic Impact**

Access to affordable, high-quality child care can increase parental labor force participation and family economic stability. However, widespread problems finding and paying for child care adversely affect both state and national economies. As a direct result of child care issues, the national economy loses \$122 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.<sup>7</sup> In New Hampshire: The estimated annual economic impact of the infant-toddler child care crisis: \$500M.<sup>8</sup>

#### Families Lack Access to High-Quality ECE Options in New Hampshire

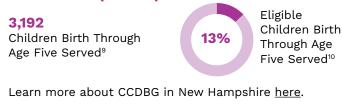
The high cost and limited supply of quality ECE have created serious challenges for many families.



Note: 1,2,6: These figures include beneficiaries of Head Start, Early Head Start, CCDF, MIECHV, state-funded Pre-K, and IDEA Parts B, Sec. 619 and C. In some cases, children and families are served by more than one program.

There are several early learning programs that provide working families with access to high-quality, affordable ECE opportunities, but currently <u>the demand for care far outweighs the supply</u>, <u>and funding constraints leave</u> <u>many eligible children unserved</u>. Each of these programs has its own eligibility requirements, purpose, and service delivery model. Together they form a mixed-delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs.

### Child Care & Development Block Grant (CCDBG)



**Early Head Start** 

**415** Children Enrolled<sup>11</sup>



### Head Start

**951** Children Enrolled<sup>13</sup>



# Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting (MIECHV)

**380** Families Served<sup>15</sup> Learn more about MIECHV in New Hampshire <u>here</u>.

### **IDEA Part C**

**1,927** Children Served<sup>18</sup>

### IDEA Part B, Sec. 619

**1,936** Children Served<sup>19</sup>

### Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC)

Through the tax code, the CDCTC helps parents with the cost of work-related child care expenses.

Learn more about CDCTC here.

### Early Care and Education (ECE) in New Hampshire Snapshot



## Accessibility

Many families struggle to find the care they need.

- **46%** of New Hampshire residents live in a "child care desert."<sup>20</sup>
- **Rural families and families with low incomes** are disproportionately represented among those who live in a "child care desert."<sup>21</sup>
- **5%** of children under age 3 receive early intervention services.<sup>22</sup>

## S Affordability

### The cost of ECE is too expensive for many families.

- The annual price of center-based infant care is **\$15,340**, and home-based infant care is **\$10,140**.<sup>23</sup>
- Families receiving a CCDBG subsidy pay between **\$0** and **\$636** per month for one child in care.<sup>24</sup>
- A two-parent household spends **9%** of their income on child care, while HHS defines spending over 7% to be a burden.<sup>25</sup>

### **ECE Workforce**

Early childhood educators have some of the lowest paying jobs in the United States, earning poverty-level wages.<sup>26</sup>

 \$27,130 child care worker annual salary (\$13.04 per hour).<sup>27</sup>

### **Program Quality**

## Program quality varies substantially across and within states.

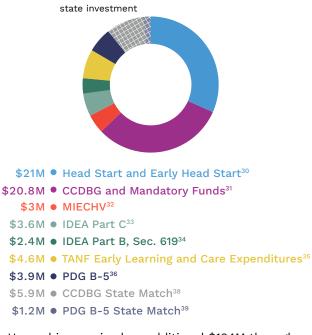
 34% of children received developmental screenings at 9, 18, and 30 months in the past year.<sup>29</sup>

#### For full sourcing information, visit here.

\*New Hampshire Department of Health and Human Services | \*\*BUILD

# Federal and State ECE Funding in New Hampshire

Federal funding is foundational to providing ECE.



New Hampshire received an additional \$104M through COVID-19 relief.  $^{\rm 40}$ 

## Spotlight: ECE Successes in New Hampshire

#### **COVID-19 Relief:**

Throughout the pandemic, there was strong bipartisan support for federal relief funding to keep the child care sector afloat.

- As a result, **590** child care programs in New Hampshire received support, impacting up to **43,100** children.<sup>41</sup>
- These funds also allowed states to demonstrate what would be possible when equipped with additional resources. Funds have been used to support and stabilize the workforce through increases in compensation for any staff working in center-based or home-based programs; health, dental, and vision insurance; scholarships; paid sick or family leave; and retirement contributions.\*

# Preschool Development Grant Birth Through Five (PDG B-5):

PDG B-5 is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states' early childhood systems. In their 2023 planning grant application, among other uses, New Hampshire noted that they would use funding to:

- Coordinate professional development across programs serving children from birth through 8 years, promoting continuity across the workforce and improving program quality.
- Support expanded eligibility and funding for tuition assistance for early educators pursuing higher education, funding a minimum of 510 courses at full tuition.\*\*