

2024 STATE FACT SHEET

CHILD CARE & EARLY LEARNING IN NEBRASKA

In Nebraska, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than 30,003 children and families,¹ or 19% of children ages 5 and under.²

High quality child care and early learning programs support child development and offer parents peace of mind while they work or attend school.

Unfortunately, the demand for quality care far outweighs the supply, so many families struggle to access and afford the care options they want or need. While there are several federally funded programs that provide working families with access to quality child care opportunities, limited funding leaves many eligible children unserved. The impacts of these challenges extend beyond families and carry over to the workplace. As a direct result, the national economy loses \$122 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.³

Below is a list of existing child care and early learning programs which together form a mix delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs. These programs have unique eligibility requirements and service delivery models. However, at current funding levels, each only reaches a fraction of eligible families.

STATE OF CHILD CARE IN NEBRASKA

154,666

Children 5 & Under⁴

72%

Children 5 & Under with All Available Parents in the Workforce⁵

750

Licensed Child Care Centers in 2023 (+10 compared to 2022)⁶

1,640

Licensed Family Child Care Homes in 2023 (-29 compared to 2022)⁷

21%

Gap in the Supply of Child Care vs. the Potential Need⁸

\$781M

Estimated Economic Impact of Infant-Toddler Child Care Challenges Each Year⁹

\$13,000

Annual Price of Center-Based Infant Care (\$1,083 per month)¹⁰

\$8.320

Annual Price of Home-Based Infant Care (\$693 per month)¹¹

\$116.402

Median Income of Married-Couple Family¹²

11.2%

Portion of Income Spent by a Married-Couple Family on Center-Based Infant Care¹³

\$36.959

Median Income of Single-Parent Family¹⁴

35.2%

Portion of Income Spent by a Single-Parent Family on Center-Based Infant Care¹⁵

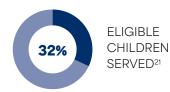
CHILD CARE & DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CCDBG)

43,701 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER ELIGIBLE¹⁶ 4,380 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER SERVED¹⁷



HEAD START

10,426 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE¹⁹ 3,288 CHILDREN ENROLLED²⁰



EARLY HEAD START

10,426 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE²² 2,106 CHILDREN ENROLLED²³



STATE-FUNDED PRE-K

12,646 CHILDREN ENROLLED²⁵



MIGRANT AND SEASONAL HEAD START

46 CHILDREN ENROLLED²⁷

MATERNAL, INFANT, AND EARLY CHILDHOOD HOME VISITING (MIECHV)

542 FAMILIES SERVED²⁸

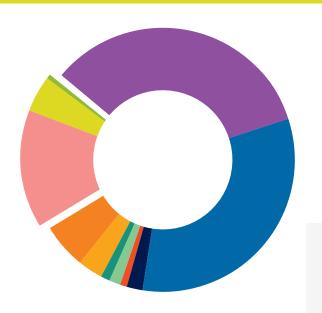
IDEA PART C

(EARLY INTERVENTION) 2,373 CHILDREN SERVED²⁹

DIDEA PART B, SEC. 619

(PRESCHOOL SPECIAL EDUCATION)
4,668 CHILDREN SERVED30

NEBRASKA:
FEDERAL
AND STATE
CHILD CARE
AND EARLY
LEARNING
FUNDING



\$72.6M	CCDBG and Mandatory Funds ³¹	

\$68.8M Head Start and Early Head Start³² (includes AIAN HS/EHS when applicable)

\$4M PDG B-5³³

\$1.8M MIECHV³⁴

\$3.3M IDEA Part C35

\$2.5M IDEA Part B, Sec. 619³⁶

\$6.5M TANF Early Care and Education³⁷

\$11.3M TANF Transferred to CCDBG38

STATE INVESTMENT

\$30.8M State-Funded Pre-K³⁹

\$9.9M CCDBG State Match⁴⁰

\$1.2M PDG B-5 State Match41

ELEMENTS OF PROGRAM QUALITY

Program quality varies substantially within and across states.

Quality child care and early learning programs rely on a strong workforce, but low pay makes it difficult to recruit and retain educators. In Nebraska, child care workers earn \$13.99 per hour (\$29,100 annually).⁴²

Teacher-child ratios are crucial for ensuring safety, quality, and individual attention. Licensed center-based care providers participating in CCDBG are required to have the following ratios:⁴³

• Infant 1:4

• Toddler 1:6

• Preschool 1:10 for age 3, 1:12 for age 4

The state's pre-K program met **7/10 of NIEER's Quality Standards Benchmarks**, which represent minimum standards to support quality preschool programs.⁴⁴

Preschool Development Grant Birth Through Five (PDG B-5) is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states' early childhood systems. **Nebraska's PDG B-5** accomplishments include:⁴⁵

- Hired 34 local early childhood coordinators across the state to ensure local input and the advancement of strategies that meet the diverse needs of Nebraska families.
- Developed the Nebraska Early Childhood Strategic Plan, a comprehensive approach for ensuring the accessibility, quality, collaboration, and alignment of services across the state.

CHILD AND DEPENDENT CARE TAX CREDIT (CDCTC)

The Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC) directly helps working parents offset the cost of child care.

In its current form, the credit only reaches a small percentage of families and has been swiftly outpaced by the escalating cost of child care as it lacks any adjustment for inflation.

Last permanently updated in 2001, the current credit averages \$500-\$600 a year.⁴⁶

CDCTC IN NEBRASKA BY TAX YEAR

2020

- 46,830: Number of taxpayers claiming the CDCTC⁴⁷
- \$551: Average credit

2021

The CDCTC was temporarily expanded and made refundable for one year in response to the pandemic.

- 52,670: Number of taxpayers claiming the CDCTC⁴⁸ (an additional 5,840 from 2020)
- \$2,098: Average Credit (an additional \$1,547 from 2020, on average)

TODAY

The temporary expansion expired; the CDCTC reverted back to 2001 levels.

• \$500-600: Average credit

NOTE: Major provisions of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA) expire at the end of 2025⁴⁹, giving Congress the opportunity to modernize the CDCTC and other tax provisions to better help working families offset the cost of quality child care.⁵⁰



Scan or click the QR code for full references and links. For more information contact FFYF at mail@ffyf.org.