

2025 STATE FACT SHEET

# Child Care & Early Learning in Virginia

In Virginia, federal and state early learning opportunities serve more than **82,602 children** and families,<sup>1</sup> or **14% of children** ages 5 and under.<sup>2</sup>

High quality child care and early learning programs support child development and offer parents peace of mind while they work or attend school.

In the U.S., the demand for quality care far outweighs the supply, with more than 30% of working families with young children unable to access the formal care they want or need.<sup>3</sup> While there are several federally funded programs that help working families access quality child care opportunities, limited funding leaves many eligible children unserved. The impacts of these challenges extend beyond families and carry over to the workplace. As a direct result, the national economy loses \$122 billion annually in the form of lost earnings, productivity, and revenue.<sup>4</sup>

# **PROGRAM REACH**

Below is a list of existing child care and early learning programs which together form a mixed delivery system that supports parental choice and aims to meet children's individual needs. These programs have unique eligibility requirements and service delivery models. However, at current funding levels, each only reaches a fraction of eligible families.

# STATE OF EARLY LEARNING & CARF IN **VIRGINIA**

# **NEED**

# 593,961

Children 5 & Under<sup>5</sup>

#### 67%

Children 5 & Under with All Available Parents in the Workforce<sup>6</sup>

# **SUPPLY**

# 1,564

Licensed Child Care Centers in 2024 (+110 from 2023)<sup>7</sup>

# 1.468

Licensed Family Child Care Homes in 2024 (+142 from 2023)<sup>8</sup>

# **IMPACT**

# \$3.1B

Estimated Economic Impact of Child Care Challenges Each Year<sup>9</sup>

# COST\*

# \$16,796

Annual Price of Center-Based Care (\$1,400 per month)<sup>10</sup>

# \$13.052

Annual Price of Home-Based Care (\$1,088 per month)<sup>11</sup>

# 11.4%

Portion of Median Married-Couple Family Income (\$146,806) Spent on Center-Based Care<sup>12</sup>

#### 39.2%

Portion of Median Single-Parent Family Income (\$42,879) Spent on Center-Based Care<sup>13</sup>

\*estimates are based on price of infant care for one child

# CHILD CARE & DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT (CCDBG)

181,844 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER ELIGIBLE<sup>14</sup> 17,816 CHILDREN 5 & UNDER SERVED<sup>15</sup>

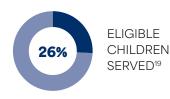


ELIGIBLE CHILDREN 5 & UNDER SERVED<sup>16</sup>

Based on federal eligibility (85% SMI)

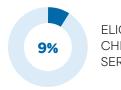
# HEAD START PRESCHOOL

38,732 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE<sup>17</sup> 9,959 CHILDREN ENROLLED<sup>18</sup>



# EARLY HEAD START

38,732 CHILDREN ELIGIBLE<sup>20</sup> 3,561 CHILDREN ENROLLED<sup>21</sup>



ELIGIBLE CHILDREN SERVED<sup>22</sup>

# STATE-FUNDED PRE-K

24,993 CHILDREN ENROLLED<sup>23</sup>



# MIGRANT AND SEASONAL HEAD START

O CHILDREN ENROLLED<sup>25</sup>

# MATERNAL, INFANT, AND EARLY CHILDHOOD HOME VISITING (MIECHV)

1,341 CHILDREN SERVED<sup>26</sup>

# IDEA PART C

(EARLY INTERVENTION) 12,461 CHILDREN SERVED<sup>27</sup>

# IDEA PART B, SEC. 619

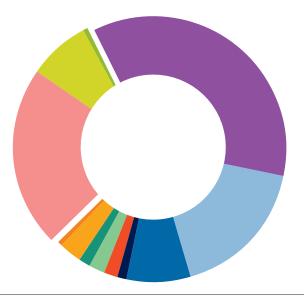
(PRESCHOOL SPECIAL EDUCATION) 12,471 CHILDREN SERVED<sup>28</sup>

# VIRGINIA:

FEDERAL AND STATE CHILD CARE AND EARLY LEARNING FUNDING

# STATE INVESTMENT

\$152.9M	State-Funded Pre-K <sup>38</sup>
\$52.3M	CCDBG State Match <sup>35</sup>
\$2.4M	PDG B-5 State Match <sup>40</sup>



# **FEDERAL INVESTMENT**

\$245.8M	CCDBG and Mandatory Funds <sup>29</sup>
\$119.5M	Head Start Preschool <sup>30</sup> (includes AIAN when applicable)
\$54.4M	Early Head Start <sup>31</sup> (includes AIAN when applicable)
\$8M	PDG B-5 <sup>32</sup>
\$10.9M	MIECHV <sup>33</sup>
\$13.1M	IDEA Part C <sup>34</sup>
\$10.1M	IDEA Part B, Sec. 619 <sup>35</sup>
\$18.6M	TANF Early Care and Education <sup>36</sup>
\$2.7M	TANF Transferred to CCDBG <sup>37</sup>

# **CCDBG**

CCDBG allows states to provide child care assistance to low-income working families with children under age 13, helping parents access child care in a setting of their choice.

# In Virginia:

- 2,142 child care providers accept CCDBG subsidies.<sup>41</sup>
- Eligibility is capped at 85% of State Median Income.<sup>42</sup>
- A family of three is eligible if they make \$7,973/month or less (\$95,676/year).<sup>43</sup>
- With a subsidy, a family of three pays a maximum monthly co-payment of \$180/month, compared to \$1,400/month without.<sup>44</sup>

State Lead Agencies must establish child care licensing requirements that ensure children are cared for in safe, quality environments. Different rules may apply depending on the setting (e.g., center or home-based) and some providers may be exempt from licensing requirements (e.g., faith-based programs).

Appropriate teacher-child ratios are crucial to ensure safety, quality, and individual attention. Licensed center-based care providers in Virginia must meet the following ratios:<sup>45</sup>

INFANT	1:4
TODDLER	1:5
PRESCHOOL	1:8 for age 2 1:10 for age 3+



Scan or click the QR code for full references and links. For more information contact FFYF at mail@ffyf.org.

# **HEAD START**

Head Start Preschool and Early Head Start (collectively referred to as "Head Start") provide a continuum of high-quality early learning and comprehensive services that support health and development, and strengthen family well-being. Federal funds go directly to local grantees, with programs in every congressional district (explore Head Start's reach in these maps).<sup>46</sup>

In Virginia, there are **56 Head Start grants**, which fund **335 program sites** and serve **13,520 children**. 47, 48, 49

Children are eligible if their family income is below the federal poverty line, they are receiving TANF, SNAP, or SSI, or if they are in foster care or experiencing homelessness. Additionally, programs are expected to reserve at least 10% of slots for children eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

#### **PDG B-5**

Preschool Development Grants Birth through Five (PDG B-5) is a competitive federal grant designed to improve states' early childhood systems. To date, Virginia has been awarded **\$71.4M** in PDG B-5 funds.<sup>50</sup> Virginia's PDG B-5 accomplishments include:<sup>51</sup>

- Unified the state's early education system by bringing child care oversight and the Head Start Collaboration Office into the Virginia Department of Education.
- Supported workforce retention with Recognize B5, a grant recognition program for lead and assistant teachers working in child care centers and family child care homes.

Learn more with the PDG B-5 grantee map here.52

# **CDCTC**

The Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit (CDCTC) directly helps working parents offset the cost of child care. In 2025, the CDCTC was permanently updated for the first time since 2001. Many filers could see their credit increase by as much as \$450 (for one child) or \$900 (for two+ children.)<sup>53</sup> In Virginia, 170,740 taxpayers claimed the CDCTC in 2022.<sup>54</sup>